longer prisoners. Greater fraedom was never before known. Free press. free speach, free people characterize this period. So much so, that we find the desire for these liberties spreading across the sea into Russia—into the countries of the oppressed. All nations are today at peace with one another. Prosperity is hovering over the land. The powers of steam are everywhere felt. The spark which Franklin coaxed from the clouds down the string of a kite has grown into such force and splendor that man is now enabled to achieve almost incredible results. Speaking into a receiver his voice is heard—and recoemized thousands of miles away—it is recorded upon a roll of wax and treasured up for generations to come. The events of today are read everywhere tomotrow. Civilization and learning have mounted to heights heretofore unattained.

Wild Rush of Commercialism.

And yet with all this boasted knowledge—with all this perfected civilization, we are engaged in this wild rush of commercialism. Men's passions seem to know no bounds. Wealth and nower appear to have become the anesthetists of men's consciences. Greed spurs onward over questionable routes to coveted goals. Witness the strife among governments to enlarge their navies, to invent greater destructive agencies—the preparation for war in the enlightened age of peace, the looking forward to more power, the passion of the nations. Note the formation for trusts and ecombines to crush smaller concerns and accomplish monopolies—the ensiavement of labor to increase profits. The passion of the corporations. Mark the unjust demands of labor upon capital—the doing of that to others, the prevention of which to themselves was the very inception of their organizations. The passion of the labor unions. Witness the fall of what have been considered some of America's foremost clizens in their frenzied desire for wealth. Senators, representatives—national law makers—have been tempted and their passions led them beyond the circle. Professional and busness men are prostituting their callings for the gratification of passion. A whole life is wasted hoarding up riches to become a bone of contention and unseemly strife among the survivors. Even the funds accumulated from hard-earned wages for the support of the widow and orphan have not been too sacred to stay the slimy eneroachments of the passion and. We wonder where it will end, Passion is in the ascendency. The stamped beyond the circle is on.

Temple of Friendship.

Therefore it is good above the stamped of priced desire for wealth. Senators, representatives—national law makers—have been to sacred to stay the shimy eneroachments of the passion and the doing of the enjoyable feature to the support of the widow and orphan have not been too sacred to stay the slimy eneroachments of the passion and the support of the widow and orphan have not been too sacred to stay the slime the sacred And yet with all this boasted knowledge

Temple of Friendship.

Temple of Friendship.

Therefore it is good that amidst all this commercialism and dizzy whirl of business enterprise—amidst this mad rush for power—this scattering of men's passions, we should pause long enough to witness the laying of a corner stone for a temple such as this. For it will ever be the home of a fraternity which gathers together people of all classes and conciliates true and everlasting friendships. It is refreshing to turn from passion—ensiaved humanity to take part in the building of a home for an order which teaches the circumscribing of desires and the subdung of passion. It is well that in this materialistic age temples should be built into which man may enter and shut out this mad rush—leaving his cares and worries at the entrance and feeling that all whom he meets within are his brothers—joined to one another by indissoluble chains of sincere affection. As is the oasis to the dust covered traveler of the desert, so will this temple be to many care worn pligrims through this life of striffe. A calm in the storm.

It is good for a nation—it is good for a family—it is good for an individual, that such works as these be fostered, for no man can listen to the teachings of Masonry but that he becomes a better man. None can be a good Mason but that he becomes a better than he commes a better citizen—but that he is made a better husband and father. For Masonry teaches us to respect governments and uphold their laws. To cherish and defend the marriage tie. To keep within the circle.

So we all join in heartily congratulating the lodges of Salt Lake City upon their magnificent undertaking and here lodges of Salt Lake City upon their magnificent undertaking and here lodges of Salt Lake City upon their magnificent magnificent undertaking and here lodges of salt Lake City upon their magnificent magnif

within the circle.

So we all join in heartily congratulating the lodges of Salt Lake City upon their magnificent undertaking and leave with them our very best wishes that this temple may rise to a speedy and perfect completion, knowing as we do that here men will be taught to live within the circle—that it will be the home of an order whose aims and objects are the highest in life. For no man, no priest, no society, no nation can have or constitutions.

Statutes and regulations of the Scottish rite bodies of the valley of Salt Lake.

Programmes of the six reunions of the Scottish rite bodies of the valley of Salt Lake.

Programmes of the Maundy Thursday feast of James Lowe chapters of Rose Croix No. 1, A. A. S. rite, April 20, 1905.

Programme of the ceremonial session of El Kalah temple. Ancient Arabic ten—where recognition is given to the fact that all are created by the same Almighty Parent, are inhabitants of the same planet traveling along the same level of time, each acting his part on the stage No. 5, O. E. S., organized Sept. 20, 1295.

Prayer by the grand chaplain closed

stone. It bears the simple inscription "Masonic Temple, 1965." After the ceremonies closed, the Masons reformed in parade and ested the grand lodge back to the old Masonic temple. Coffee and sandwiches were served by the ladies of the Eastern Star in the banquet room after the Masons returned from the site of the

Utah Commandery and Malta Com andery escorted El Monte Commandery and the other Ogden Masons to their special train, which left at 3:25 o'clock. The Park City delegation

S. G. Inspector General Present.

Major Frank Foote, thirty-third degree, of Evansion, Wyo., sovereign grand inspector general of A. A. S. R. for Wyoming, Utah and Idaho, and past grand master of Wyoming, was one of the prominent visitors. He marched beside Grand Master Varian in the parade and occupied a seat or

Masonic Train From Ogden.

Every man on the special train that brought the Ogden delegation to Salt Lake was a Mason. All members of the crew that handled the train belong

The splendid music furnished by the Fort Douglas band of thirty-one pieces was one of the enjoyable features of the day. The band was led by Bandfantry, who is a member of the Ma-

Malta's First Public Appearance. Malta commandery No. 3, of Parl

ity made its first public appearance the parade yesterday, with Eminent

Programme of the ceremonial session of El Kalah temple. Ancient Arabic Order Nobles of the Mystle Shrine, Oct.

O. E. S., of Utah, organized Sept. 21

CHAPTER 2.

## Is YOUR DOLLAR

more valuable than your neighbor's? Does the eagle on it scream louder? We fail to see it.



YESTERDAY WE placed our stamp of disapproval on the 10 per cent discount practice. We would like to know in all fairness, IS IT HONEST? IS IT JUST? Is it not, in fact, DISHONEST, to solicit trade by either word of mouth or other means, intimating that your trade is so valuable you can buy cheaper than your neighbor?

Would you be apt to place your confidence in the merchant who styly winked his other eye and rebated you a tenth portion of the regular purchase price? Is any method right that draws such lines of distinction and implies that the eagle on your dollar has more value than that on the next man's?

The United States government is right at this time proving the truth of these assertions in the great railroad rebate fight. The laws of this country say it shall not be.

So says the unwritten law of this clothes shop-absolutely one price to either peanut vender or bank president.

## RICHARDSON & ADAMS Co.

"A CLOTHES SHOP FOR MEN."

At "The Sign of the Four"



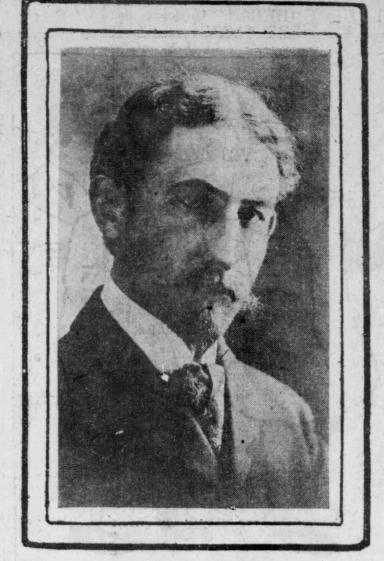
172 MAIN STREET

of life and finally all destined for that undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returns.

Return to Old Temple.

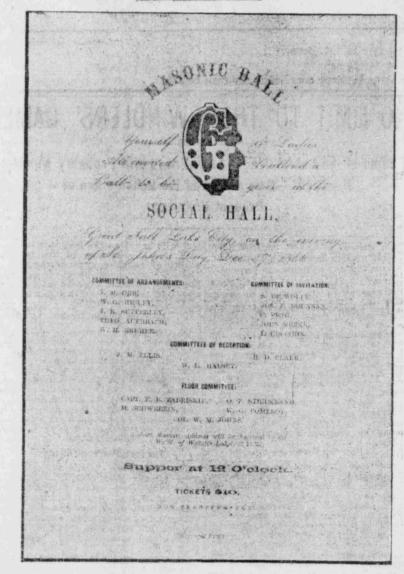
Prayer by the grand chaplain closed

Copies of the Salt Lake Herald and Salt Lake Tribune, Dec. 3, 1905; Desert News, Salt Lake Telegram, Goodwin's Weekly and Truth, Dec. 2, 1905; Coins: One cent, 5 cents, 50 cents and \$1.



HERBERT R. MACMILLAN, Grand Orator at Corner Stone Laying of Masonic Temple.

#### INVITATION TO MASONIC BALL GIVEN IN SOCIAL HALL, SALT LAKE, IN 1866



sons of Salt Lake City gave a ball in Social hall. The invitations to the af-fair were of a quaint character when compared with those used for similar compared with those used for similar functions at the present time. It is printed in gold ink on ornamental paper, such as is employed now in the making of valentines, etc.

The invitation which is reproduced in the invitation which is reproduced in the control of LL May in the control of LL May

here is in the possession of J. L. May of Mt. Moriah lodge No. 2 of Salt Lake. The invitation reads:

MASONIC BALL.
Yourself and Ladies Are Invited to
Attend a Ball to Be Given at, the
SOCIAL HALL.
Great Salt Lake City, on the Evening
of St. John's Day, Dec. 27, 1866. Committee of Arrangements—J. M. Orr. W. G. Rigley, J. K. Sutterley, Theodore Auerbach, W. H. Bremer.

Germany and England.

London, Dec. 3.—An important speech on the felations between Great Britain

representation for antagonism, commercial or otherwise—it is only an atmosphere of ill-feeling artificially created.

"The German government will greet with sincere satisfaction any movement tending to further good relations and will gladly respond to any friendly demonstration in England."

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Yesterday's Record at the Local Of-

fice of the Weather Bureau.

ITALIAN CABINET CRISIS.

Supper at 12 O'clock. Tickets \$10. Not Transferable.

(Telegraph Print.)

So far as local Masons who have seen the invitation are informed, Mr. Cohn

is the only committeeman of that oc-casion who is still alive. Certainly, he

casion who is still alive. Certainly, he is the only one now living in Salt

Committee of Reception-R. D. Clark, W. L. Halsey.

PURELY ARTIFICIAL. No Ground for III-Feeling Between Premier Fortis Wants Resignation of All the Members.

Rome, Dec. 3 .- At a meeting of the and Germany was delivered last night by the German ambassador, Count tittoni, minister of foreign affairs; Wolff Metternich, who was the chief guest at a dinner at the Lyceum club, presided over by Lady Aberdeen. The council of ministers today Signor Taambassador said:

"We never had a serious quarrel with England in the long course of our history, and sincerely trust we never shall. A shadow unfortunately has fallen over the two nations in the last few years, the causes for which it is not difficult to discover by those who read what daily is printed. The fact that I am your guest this evening is a welcome proof that the forces at work are desirous of dispelling that shadow of enmity.

CATHOLIC CHURCH AT IDAHO FALLS BURNED

or enmity.

"The overwhelming majority of Englishmen and Germans wish a life of peace and harmony and regard the idea of a serious quarrel as a piece of criminal folly. There is no real cause for antagonism, commercial or otherwise—it is only an atmosphere of ill. (Special to The Herald.) Idaho Falls, Idaho, Dec. 3.-The Holy Rosary church, in charge of Father morning by fire. The fire started be-tween the ceiling and roff, and before the department could become effective flames were beyond control. Most all the fixtures were destroyed. The building was a one-story frame, in-sured. The loss is estimated at \$1,500.

REACHED PORT SAFELY. Maximum temperature 39 degrees; minimum temperature, 24 degrees; mean temperature, 25 degrees, which is a degrees below the normal; accumulated deficiency of temperature since the first of the month, 24 degrees; accumulated excess of temperature since Jan. 1, 282 degrees. Total precipitation from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m. none; accumulated (2000), m. none; accumulated (2000), m. none; accumulated (2000), m. of the first of the month; (2001), m. of the month; (2001), St. Johns, N. F., Dec. 3 .- Three of the ten schooners driven seaward during the heavy gale of last Thursday have reached port safely, but no word has come from the others, and fears are felt as to their safety. Reports re-ceived from coastwise points tell of many fishing vessels having been driv-en ashore during the gale, and also indicate that much damage was done

### SURVEYORS AT WORK IN IDAHO

Located.

RIGBY'S FINE PROSPECTS

LITTLE CITY EXPECTS ONE OR MORE ROADS.

(Special to The Herald:)

Rigby, Idaho, Dec. 3 .- The inhabitants of Rigoy were pleasantly surin to this part of the country and commence operations either on the proposed western extension of the Chicago & Northwestern or the Burlington lines. Last Tuesday a corps of surveying engineers passed through this vicinity and went into winter camp on the south fork of Snake river, about 25 miles east of Rigby. They went prepared to put in the winter, and it is evidently their intention to survey mouth of the canyon, a distance of about twenty miles. By following this venge gorge a water grade can be obtained, although some engineering difficulties large that a railway will have to folcause it cannot be bridged without great expense.

Locating a Route.

It is believed these surveyors will work in this canyon all winter, and locate definitely the route to be followed by the road they represent. This crowd of engineers camped over night at a prominent rancher's, about five miles east of Rigby, and obtained from him prominent rancher's, about five miles east of Rigby, and obtained from him a map of the country east of here, and also inquired the way to get to the mouth of Black's canyon, a tributary to the Snake river, which comes in from the north about midway along the gorge mentioned above. They claimed to be working for the Short Line but it; well known this company that has yet occurred.

WITTE STANDS FIRM. Line, but it is well known this com-pany is not building any line running east from here, therefore the people here have concluded that if they are working for the Short Line, they are surveying for the Chicago Northwest-ern road, which is now building west from Casper, Wyoming, and whose line has been surveyed over into Idaho and down the south fork of Snake river, as both of these are Harriman

Yesterday another gang of surveyors dropped in here from some un-known source, and are now camped about two miles east of Rigby, running a line west from the mouth of the canyon of the south fork of Snake river westward past Rigby and on tity of surweyors' stakes from the plan-ing mill of the Rigby Hardware & Lumber company, and returned to their work, taking a receipt for the

Best Route to the Coast.

that one party is working for the Burlington and the other is for the Northwestern line. They do not seek to disguise their identity. The North-western surveyed two lines through here about ten years ago, recorded bridge rights, etc., and then did nothing more. Both of these surveys came down the south fork of Snake river, passed just south of Rigby and on across this valley toward Boise present surveyors are following this same route, it being the best grade and most direct toward Portland and Seattle. The surveys cross the Conti-nental divide by traversing what is known as Hogback pass, which is not very high, and after striking the south fork of Snake river they have more than one hundred miles of water grade across Idaho. This is the only feasible pass through the mountains, and which affords a good entrance into this great Joseph P. Nounnan, C. Prag, John Meeks, Louis Cohn. valley.

Bought Coal Lands.

The Northwestern people have pur-chased great bodies of coal lands in the vicinity of the Jackson Hole country, and the parties who negotiated this deal told the residents of that locality that the rails of the North-western line would be laid into that country next year. There are great bodies of good coal in western Wyoming and eastern Idaho along the south fork of Snake river, which is one nducement for railroads choosing this

There is plenty of business in this great valley for another road. lack of cars this year has convinced who are familiar with conditions clear beyond the capacity of the pres-ent railway facilities, and its growth will be hampered in the future unless ore railroads build in here.

Fremont county this year has pro-juced over 100,000 tons of sugar beets alone. This has taxed the Oregon Short Line to the utmost. This means that \$450,000 has been paid to the farmers of one county for one of the many farm products raised. It is believed that no locality in this intermountain country can equal this result. This is about \$30 to every man, woman and child in home by sea from Vladivostok

RUSSIAN SKIES ARE OVERCAST

Continued from Page 1.

to this version the soldiers were incensed at the mutiny in Sebastopol and at the public insults to which they were constantly subjected, even in the streets of Tsarskoe-Selo, and they demanded to be led against the revolutionaries and intelligencia in the capital. When their officers tried to quiet them the men became so obstreperous that they had to be arrested.

The reactionary influences at court

The reactionary influences at court and the imperial guard are making desperate efforts to unhorse Count Wite, to proclaim a dictatorship and to fight the revolution with bullets and bayo Their candidates for dictator General Count Alexis Ignatieff and General Skallon, governor general of

MEN WERE DISARMED.

Mutiny of Two Russian Regiments Stationed at Odessa.

Vienna, Dec. 2.—The Tageblatt publishes a communication from Odessa which was mailed to Podwoloczyska, Galleia, from which point it was telegraphed. It reads as follows:

"The Ismaeli and Donau regiments, stationed at Odessa, mutinied, but the Vienna, Dec. 3.-The Tageblatt pu graphed. It reads as follows:
"The Ismaeli and Donau regiments,

authorities succeeded in disarming all

"An order issued by the minister of education, Count John Tolstoi, prohibiting more than the legal percentage of Jews entering the university, was ignored by the faculty, which had the streets placarded with a notice to the effect that the university was open." New Lines to the Pacific Coast Being | It is reported from Odessa that a general strike will be declared tomor-

ow (Monday). Advices from Sebastopol declare that the panic there is increasing. The members of the so-called military party are holding meetings in all the barracks, and this fact greatly increases the anxiety for the future.

A dispatch from Cracow Galleia

A dispatch from Cracow, Galicia. ays that news has been received from Warsaw to the effect that many famlies are hurriedly leaving that city. The banks doing German and Austrian business in Warsaw are meeting many calls for the immediate payment of

onsiderable sums. A newspaper from Cracow publishes a communication from St. Petersburg prised Thanksgiving day by having a caled a general meeting in the Russian large crowd of railroad surveyors come | capital for December 23, and that delegates will go to the meeting from all points in Russia, including six dele-gates from Poland.

JEWS FEAR MASSACRE.

Undated Message Sent From Odessa by Special Courier.

Cdessa, undated, sent by special courier by way of Rodwoloczyska, Galica, Dec. 3.—This dispatch is sent at the request of the Jewish community. for some line of railroad in what is known as the Box canyon, through which runs the south fork of Snake river, from Counard valley to the mouth of the canyon, a distance of the device of the canyon and the country of the canyon and issuance of the device of the canyon and the country of the canyon and issuance of the device of the canyon and issuance of the device of the canyon and issuance of the device of the sound of the canyon and issuance of the device of the sound of the canyon and issuance of the device of the sound of the s to destroy the newspaper offices in re venge for groundless accusations against the troops of their participaion in massacres and pillage and in the protection of rowdles. the pro

This is exciting the population against the army.

The Jews assert that the officers deliver anti-Semite speeches in the bar-racks after removing the Jewish solliers, and Governor General Kalbaurs nimself has confessed that the officers are burning for revenge on the Jews and that he is unable to guarantee the

preservation of order.
In view of the fact that this city is

WITTE STANDS FIRM.

Emperor Said to Be in Favor of Making Concessions.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The correspondent of the Journal at St. Petersburg sends the text of a further revolutionary manifesto issued yesterday (Sunday) in reply to the expressed intention of the government to return to repressive measures. The manifesto says:
"The government continues to defy

now on the road to liberty, where nothing can stop it. All police measures and the armed intervention of troops can only result in sangulary conflicts, for which the government will be responsible."

The correspondent says he is inacross the valley toward Boise. This formed by a high functionary that ancrowd of engineers would not say for imated discussions are proceeding at the palace of Tearskoe-Selo, the emperor favoring the granting of concessions. sions and the re-establishment of the public services at any price, with Count Witte, the premier, refusing to grant the demands of the government em-ployes on the ground that they had no

The St. Petersburg correspondent of Parties from up the river recently reported that there is a gang of surveyors working this way, having surveyed over into Idaho from Wyoming.

induce the emperor to stand firm. SAILORS EXCITED.

Government Has Ordered Disarmament of Warships.

Paris, Dec. 3.—Undated dispatches from St. Petersburg arriving by way f Eydtekuhnen, East Prussia, give the bllowing information: There is great excitement among the sailors, and the authorities have ordered the disarmament of the warships. The officers fearing a mutiny, acceded to the de-mand of the sailors for the release of a workman who was arrested while listributing revolutionary proclama

Soldiers and sailors are driving about the streets, creating disturbances. Many quarters of the city are dangerous after nightfall owing to an in-crease in the number of unruly char-

The military authorities are preparing repressive measures. Heavy forces of artillery are arriving at the capital, ausing a panic among the population, Officers recently held a meeting at Isarskoe-Selo and dec'ded to refuse to rder their men to fire if called on to

BOURSE QUIET.

Brokers Took All the Offerings of Imperial Fours.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 2, 4:30 p. m., via Eydtkulinen, Dec. 3.-A quieter tone prevailed on the bourse today, the that this country has developed represent the capacity of the preserval way facilities, and its growth be hampered in the future unless a railroads build in here.

emont county this year has produced over 100,000 tons of sugar beats.

At the war department this after-oon it was declared that the outbreak of troops in the Baltic provinces was confined to reservists, who were insist-ng on their immediate discharge. The fficials refused to furnish details east the government is contracting to send 50.000 of the troops now there

STRIKE AT WARSAW.

Fwo Hundred Bags of Foreign Letters Lie Unopened.

Warsaw, Dec. 3.-Seven hundred opstal and telegraph officials are on strike here. About a hundred of the officials refused to join in the strike. The strikers have vitroled the letter-boxes. Two hundred bags of foreign etters are lying here unopened. Governor General Skalion has issued proclamation prohibiting street pro-pessions or meetings and the carrying of arms or heavy sticks, and ordering shops and houses closed on demand by the police, under the penalty of a fine of \$250 and three months' imprisonment

or disobedience. The workmen in the factories threaten to strike Monday in support of the eight-hour day movement. The local unions have sent delegates to St. Pe-tersburg to attend the congress of the union of unions.

FIFTY WERE KILLED.

Two Companies of Sappers Mutinied at Kieff.

FREED'S GREAT

# ROCKER SPECIALS!



Xmas is now drawing near, and a Rocker would be a nice Christmas present to a friend or one of your own home. We are offering twelve different styles Rockers as an opportunity for you. We also have one of the largest assortments of Mahogany Rockers ever shown in Salt Lake City.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD



and company to join them. They left be fortress fully armed, and by threats Union Dental Co. the fortress fully armed, and by threats compelled the remainder of the sappers' battalion to join them. Number ing 1,000, the mutineers marched to the barracks of the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Kursk infantry, which, however, remained loyal. Jewish nucleicher was the barracks of the barracks of the mutineers and the second than the barracks. sicians marched at the head of the mu-

tineers. Several attempts were made to induce other troops to join them, but these likewise failed. A body of Cossacks allowed the reb-els to pass them in the street. Finally the mutineers arrived at the barracks of the artillery division of the Tazoff infantry regiment. The Tazoff men an-swered their appeal with insults, and the rebels opened fire upon them. The swered their appeal with insults, and the rebels opened fire upon them. The Tazoffs answered with three volleys. A portion of the mutineers fled, but the others continued firing. The Tazoffs replied with deadly volleys, and finally the rebels fled headlong, throwing down their arms. Two hundred of them surrendered and wars conveyed to their rendered and were conveyed to their barracks by Cossacks. All was over by 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon. "Fifty dead and a hundred wounded mutineers were left on the ground." "A court martial has been convened

and a notice issued that any further attempt at mutiny will be quelled by

Strikers Remain Firm. Helsingfors, Finland, Dec. 2, via Copenhagen, Dec. 3.—The striking telegraph operators of Finland today passed a resolution energetically pro-esting against any attempt to restrict their union or the liberty of the Finns, and expressing their determination to prosecute the strike until it is declared

ended by the Central union at Mescow HOUSEHOLD ATTENDANTS.

Men Passing Through Berlin Em-

ployed by Ambassador Meyer, Washington, Dec. 3.—The men re-erred to as passing through Berlin en-bute to the American embassy, according to state department officials here are probably household attendants which Mr. Meyer, American am ants which Mr. Meyer, American ambassador to Russia, has engaged for his personal service in St. Petersburg. While in Washington recently Mr. Meyer spoke of his intention of securing and taking with him such attendants for the embassy. It is said here that this has probably given rise to the im-pression that they were members of a special guard for the embassy at St.

Ambassador Meyer is now on his! Ambassador Meyer is now difficulty way to St. Petersburg, and his arrival there is expected daily. While neither he nor any other member of the embassy at St. Petersburg has made any request for anything in the nature of a request for anything in the nature of a guard for the embassy, state department officials say, yet it is suggested Riley in good conditions.

Honest Work Honest Prices

Painless Extraction of Teeth or No Pay, All Work Positively Guaranteed. Phones: Bell, 1126-X; Ind., 1126.

here that the presence of addition · degree of security to the members of the staff in the event of any demon stration that might occur.

MORE TROUBLE TODAY.

Great Railway Strike Expected to Be Declared.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 2, via Eydkthunen, East Prussia, Dec. 3.—The banks here are having all ordinary letters addressed to them forwarded from the postoffice at Eydtkuhnen by their own messengers during the interruption of communications.

ommunications. Reports have reached several of the mbassies of military outbreaks in the Baltic provinces, particularly at Reval.

ports cannot be obtained. Guchkoff, Dmitri Shipoff and other eaders of the recent zemstvo congres Citizens from Nickoleiff. Ekatrinosla nd Odessa arrived today, bringing verwhelming evidence of the connioverwhelming evidence of the conniv-ance and even the participation of the military and the police in anti-Jewish excesses. The members of the unions are greatly incensed at this and speeches have been made at their meet-ings calling on the projectariat to erect barricades. It is expected that a rail-way strike will be declared tomorrow or Monday. The latter is a holiday

ARTILLERYMEN TRAMPED ONE THOUSAND MILES

or Monday. The latter is a holiday which fact will enable the workmen to meet and decide on a common plan of

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 3 .- The second batof field artillery arrived at Fortafter completing an overland march

\$1,337.36

For Sheep Feed.



for the Opal Supply company, of or six years ago. If you have any bad debts turn them in. If you need cash for Christmas o New Year's you better turn them, in right away. We want agent in every town, precinct and vilgood money all the year round Everybody has a bad debt or two which they would like to cash.

We settled a claim for \$1,837.36

Merchants' Protective Associatin

Scientific Collectors of Bad Debts.

Top Floor Commercial Block,

Francis G. Luke, Gen'l Mgr. "SOME PEOPLE DON'T LIKE US."